

Minnesota State Colleges and Universities System Financial Overview

Presented to the House Higher Education Policy and Finance Committee

February 24, 2011





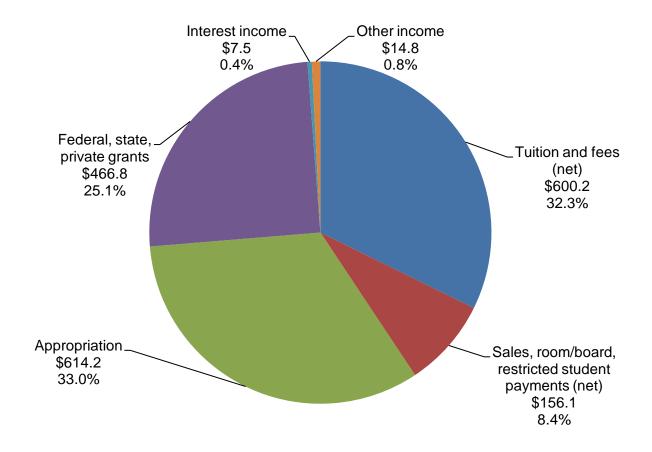
Financial health and compliance

- Board of Trustees holds colleges/universities accountable for financial performance
- Framework for on-going monitoring of financial condition at each college and university
- Defines required remediation if performance levels are not achieved
- Risk indicators focus on financial stability and healthy financial administration



Diversification of revenues

Total FY2010 System Revenues = \$1,860 million



Note: Dollar values in graph are in millions.



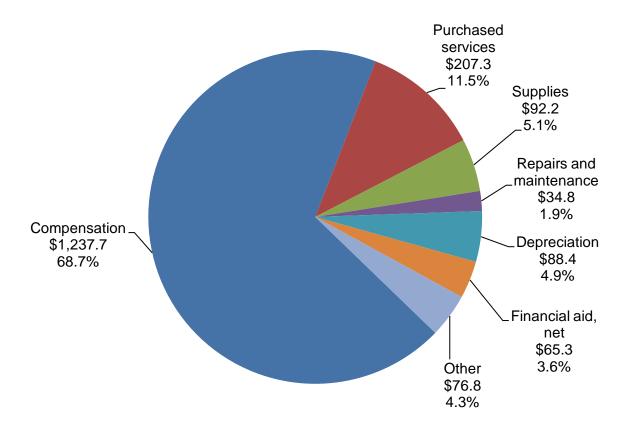
Revenue change

Revenue Source (\$ in millions)	FY2005	% of Revenues	FY2010	% of Revenues	Average Annual Change (2005-2010)
Appropriation	\$546.4	39.5%	\$614.2	33.0%	2.5%
Tuition and fees (net)	\$456.0	32.9%	\$600.2	32.3%	6.3%
Sales, room/board, restricted student payments (net)	\$111.9	8.1%	\$156.1	8.4%	7.9%
Federal, state, private grants	\$242.7	17.5%	\$466.8	25.1%	18.5%
Interest income	\$7.2	0.5%	\$7.5	0.4%	0.8%
Other income	\$19.8	1.4%	\$14.8	0.8%	-5.0%
Total	\$1,384	100%	\$1,860	100%	6.9%
Revenue per FYE student	\$10,214		\$11,951		3.4%
FYE student enrollment	135,494		155,601		3.0%



Compensation large portion of expenses

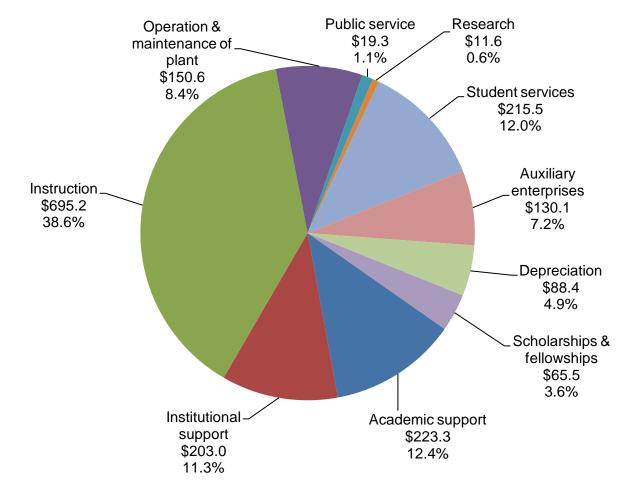
Total FY2010 System Expenses = \$1,803 million



Note: Dollar values in graph are in millions.



Fiscal year 2010 expenses by functional category



Note: Dollar values in graph are in millions.



Expense change

Reporting Category (\$ in millions)	FY2005	% of Expenses	FY2010	% of Expenses	Average Annual Change (2005-2010)
Compensation	\$954.1	68.4%	\$1,237.7	68.7%	5.9%
Purchased services	\$157.3	11.3%	\$207.3	11.5%	6.4%
Supplies	\$77.6	5.6%	\$92.2	5.1%	3.8%
Repairs and maintenance	\$31.7	2.3%	\$34.8	1.9%	2.0%
Depreciation	\$70.1	5.0%	\$88.4	4.9%	5.2%
Financial aid, net	\$22.4	1.6%	\$65.3	3.6%	38.2%
Other	\$82.3	5.9%	\$76.8	4.3%	-1.4%
Total	\$1,395	100%	\$1,803	100%	5.8%
Expense per FYE student	\$10,299		\$11,584		2.5%
FYE student enrollment	135,494		155,601		3.0%



Fiscal year 2010 financial performance

(\$ in millions)	FY2010	FY2009	Change	Percent
Enrollment	155,601	143,924	11,677	8.1%
Revenue	\$1,982.8	\$1,850.5	\$132.4	7.4%
Net Assets	\$1,723.8	\$1,544.1	\$179.6	11.6%
Operating fund reserve	\$81.7	\$72.1	\$9.6	13.3%
Composite Financial Index	3.21	1.62		



Composite Financial Index: Components

Primary Reserve {resource availability}

MnSCU 3.2 months vs 5 months

Viability {debt coverage}

MnSCU 100% vs 125%

Net Operating Revenue {surplus or deficit}

MnSCU 3.3% vs 2% – 4%

Return on Net Assets {asset stewardship}

MnSCU 12% vs 6%

MnSCU CFI 3.21 vs Mid-line Goal 3.0



Composite Financial Index: Variability in the 32 Colleges and Universities

	High	Low	System
Primary Reserve - resource availability	1.24	0.12	0.70
Viability - debt coverage	3.50	0.23	0.84
Net Operating Revenue - surplus or deficit	1.00	(0.10)	0.48
Return on Net Assets - asset stewardship	2.00	0.26	1.19
Composite Financial Index (CFI)	6.66	0.97	3.21



Fiscal year 2010 net assets

Net Assets (\$ in millions)	General Fund	Special Revenue	Enterprise	Revenue Fund	Total
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$1,161.6	\$0.9	\$18.7	\$91.3	\$1,272.5
Restricted expendable, bond covenants			\$0.3	\$56.8	\$57.2
Restricted expendable, other	\$32.5	\$3.4	\$4.0	\$25.9	\$65.8
Unrestricted	\$237.4	\$19.8	\$71.1		\$328.3
Total	\$1,431.5	\$24.2	\$94.0	\$174.0	\$1,723.8



General fund reserves

- Board policy requires 5-7 percent of general fund revenues
- Fiscal year 2010 total reserves
 - Colleges/universities = \$81.7 million (5.6 percent of revenues)
 - System = \$9.4 million (1.5 percent of appropriation)
- College/university reserve levels range from \$450,000 to \$9.3 million
- Total reserves would cover two payrolls

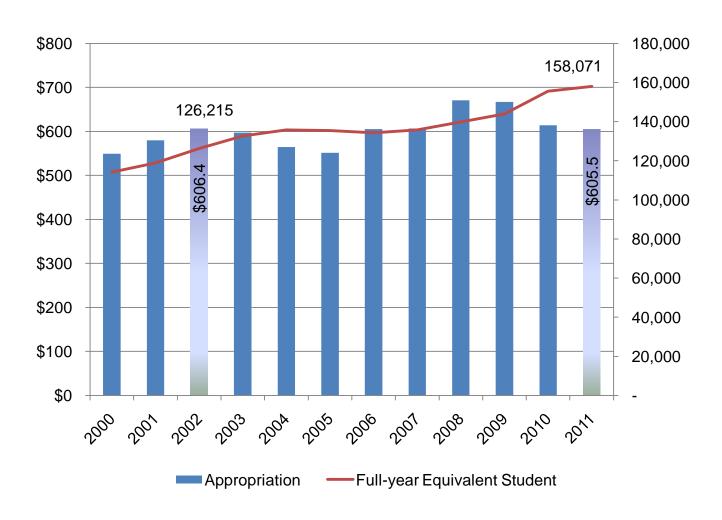


Reserves a measure of financial health

- Reserves available to:
 - Protect system and colleges/universities in cases of sudden shortfalls in revenue
 - Cover unanticipated expenses
 - Provide for extraordinary one-time investments
- Higher Learning Commission's emphasis on strong financial health (as measured by financial ratios) – ability of a college/university to carry out its mission
- Solid financial position resulting in 2011 Revenue Fund bond sale at Aa2/AA- rating

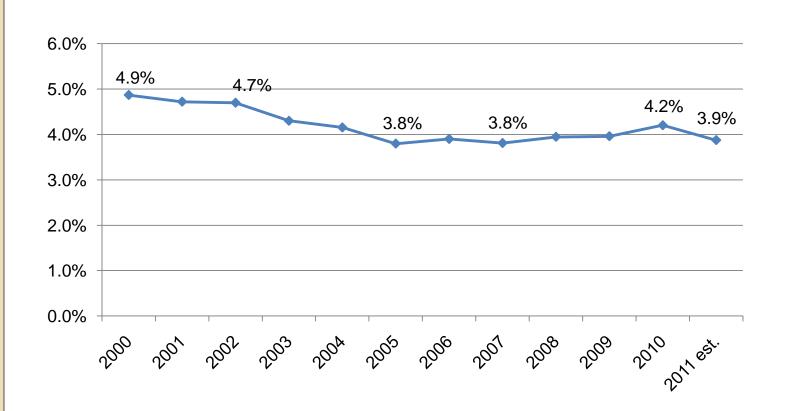


State funding decline at time of record enrollment growth



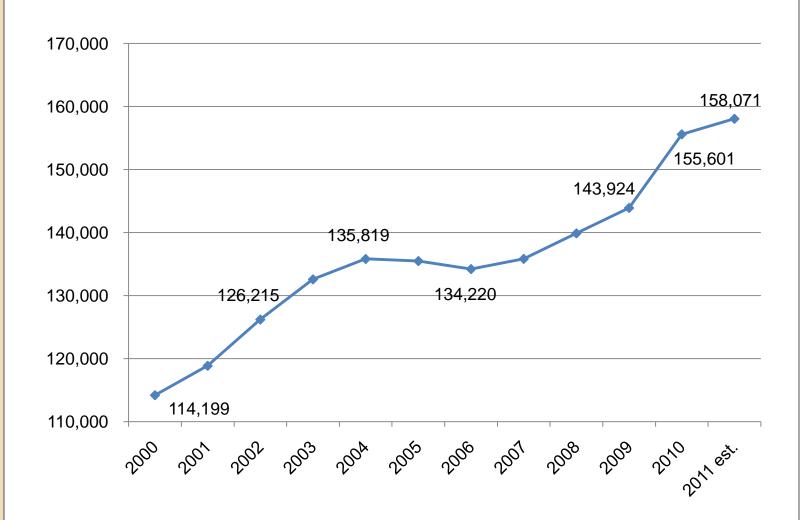


Appropriation support for the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities as percent of total state spending



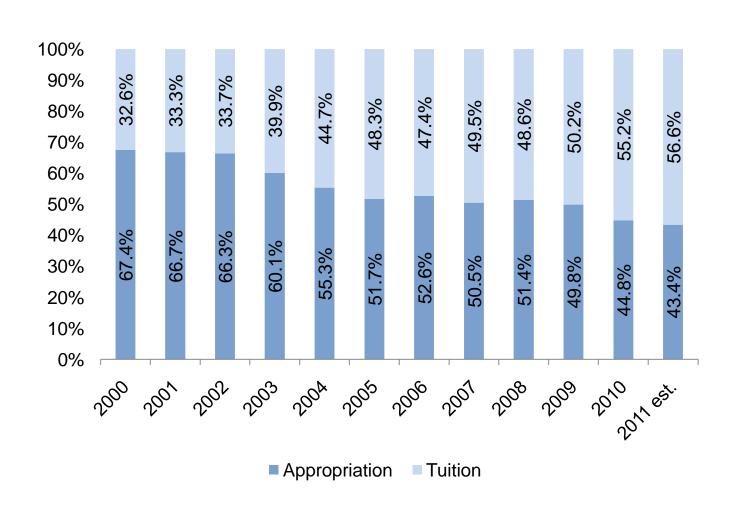


Enrollment continues to grow



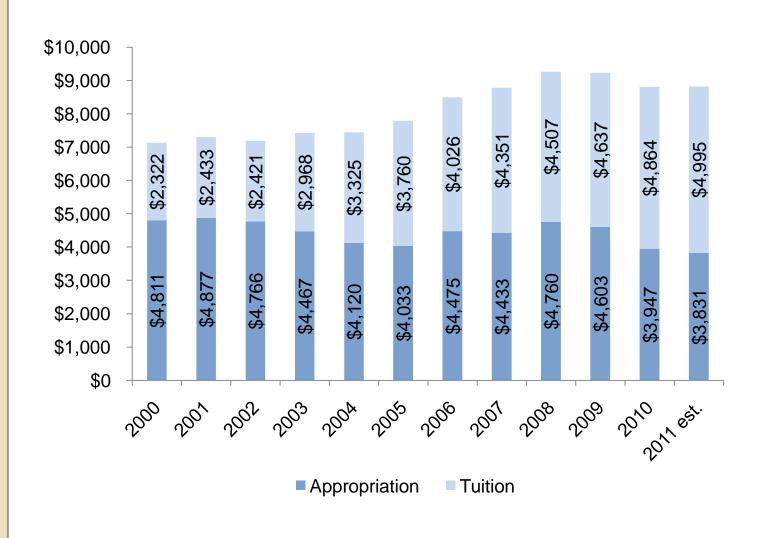


Percent of state appropriation and tuition revenue



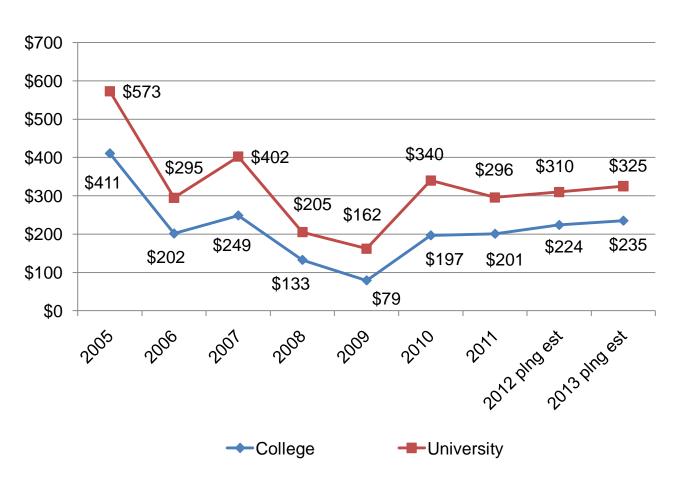


Total state appropriation and tuition revenue per student



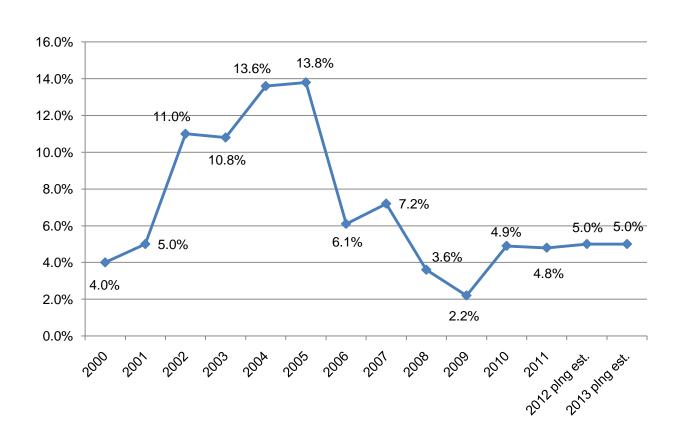


Average annual tuition increase for resident undergraduate full-year equivalent student





Average annual percentage tuition increase for resident undergraduate student





Competitive tuition and fees: 2010-2011

Two-Year Colleges

Minnesota State Colleges Average	\$4,902
Aveda Institute	\$9,600-\$18,000
University of Phoenix	\$11,520
Brown College	\$15,921
Dunwoody Institute	\$17,559-\$19,921
Minnesota School of Business/Globe College	\$19,575

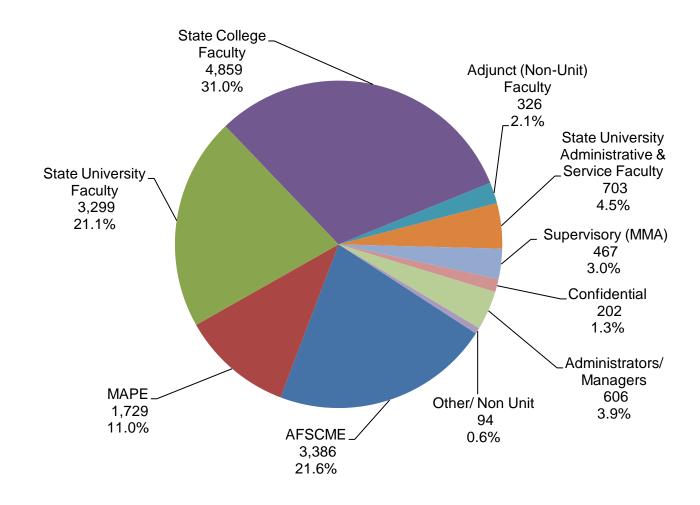
Four-Year Colleges and Universities

Minnesota State Universities Average	\$6,596
University of Minnesota, Duluth	\$10,763
Concordia College (Moorhead)	\$27,160
Bethel University	\$28,080
College of St. Scholastica	\$28,374
Hamline University	\$30,763
St. John's University	\$31,576
College of St. Benedict	\$32,246
Gustavus Adolphus College	\$33,858



Employee full-time equivalent

Total FY2010 Total System FTE = 15,671





State appropriation resources

	FY2011	FY2012 Forecast Base	FY2012 Governor's Budget Rec
College/University O & M	\$555.9	\$580.9	\$543.8
Office of the Chancellor/Shared Services Division	\$44.7	\$44.7	\$44.2
Learning Network	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$4.5
Total state resources	\$605.5	\$630.4	\$592.5



Appropriation reduction: 15 and 20 percent scenarios

	FY2012	FY2013	Biennium
Forecast base	\$630.4	\$630.4	\$1,260.8
15 percent reduction Change from forecast	\$535.8	\$535.8	\$1,071.7
	(\$94.6)	(\$94.6)	(\$189.1)
20 percent reduction Change from forecast	\$504.3	\$504.3	\$1,008.6
	(\$126.1)	(\$126.1)	(\$252.2)



Budget challenge 2012-2013

	15 percent reduction	20 percent reduction
Transformational initiatives	\$50.0	\$50.0
Appropriation reduction	\$189.1	\$252.2
Contractual benefit cost increase	\$49.9	\$49.9
Budget challenge	\$289.0	\$352.1
No transformational initiatives	(\$50.0)	(\$50.0)
Remaining budget challenge	\$239.0	\$302.1



Office of the Chancellor budget planning

- The 2012-2013 budget planning framework assumed reduction in state support
- Rigorous review of services resulted in a reorganization that:
 - strategically focuses work in support of Board of Trustees' established priorities; and
 - suspended, eliminated and redefined selected services
- Budget reductions totaling \$4.2 million
- Eliminated 41 positions through retirements, resignations, and layoffs



Colleges/universities have taken strong budget actions already

- 27 have announced position reductions; approximately 680 positions to date
- 17 have implemented early retirement programs
- 14 have announced planned closure of 81 programs
- 21 have preliminary 2012 budget plans using fund balance



Impact of 15 and 20 percent appropriation reduction scenarios

Although each method below would be sufficient to cover reduction, it is probable a combination of all or most would be applied.

Action	15 percent reduction	20 percent reduction
Staff FTE	1,000	1,450
Percent of Total	15.5%	22.5%
Faculty FTE	880	1,280
Percent of Total	9.9%	14.4%
Course sections Percent of Total	9,200 10.7%	13,380 15.5%
Student FYE	16,150	23,480
Percent of Total	10.7%	15.5%



Budget pressures

- Compensation
 - Salary
 - Employer-paid health insurance rate increases
 - Employer-paid retirement rate increases
- Other operating costs
 - Utility rate increases
 - Change in square footage
 - Debt service obligation
 - Facility repair and replacement investment



Colleges and universities strategy

- Revenue growth
 - Tuition increase greatest potential
 - Enrollment growth
 - Outside revenue sources (federal/private operating grants)
- Expense containment
 - Productivity
 - Collaborative sourcing
 - Shared services

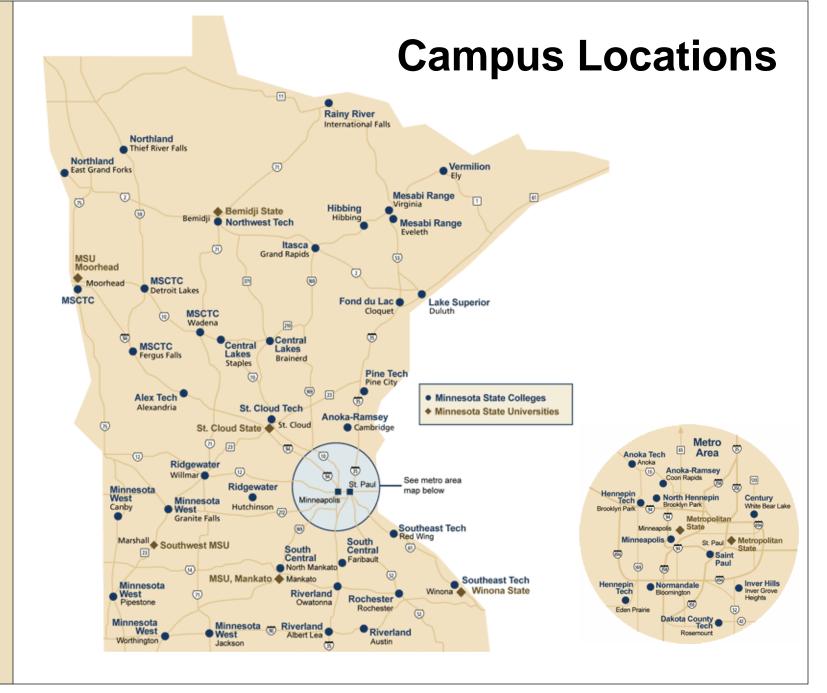


System financial strategies

- Multi-year budget planning with balanced budgets
- Regionally competitive tuition policy
- Development of outside revenue sources
- Allocation of state aid based on efficiencies at the division and program level
- Possible modest tuition increases
- Collective bargaining outcomes



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MINNESOTA STATE UNIVERSITY



University Budget Planning

February 24, 2011

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Rick Straka

Budget Assumptions

- Estimated state budget gap of \$5.8 \$7.0 Billion
- Base reductions at 15% 22% of appropriation
- Results in spending reductions of \$6M to \$10M at MSU, Mankato
- University challenged to balance budget for FY12

Budget Process Consultation

- Monthly meet and confers
- Special joint meetings of planning, budget and assessment sub-meet and confers
- "All Staff" e-mail messages and updates
- Town hall open forums
- Proposed reduction plans available via Intranet for all MSU faculty, staff and students
- Online comment portal on MSU budget website

Academic Metrics

- Shared Governance Process Used to Develop Academic Metrics
 - 1. Relationship to institutional mission (Mandates)
 - 2. Cost and enrollment (MnSCU instructional cost study)
 - 3. Mission centrality
 - 4. Quality (i.e. accreditation & program review)
 - 5. Job market needs and placement

FY12-13 Budget Decisions

- Utilize data and program metrics for all programs
- Administrative reorganization and downsizing
- Academic program decisions announced
 - Appeals heard from each unit
 - Individual faculty retrenchment notices filed
- Non-academic program decisions
 - Appeals heard from each unit
 - Individual staff layoff notices filed

Outcomes of Budget Process

- Identified \$5.7M (6%) in instructional reductions
 - 77.5 Faculty positions
 - 15 Program closures (1 Academic dept. eliminated)
- Identified \$1.9M (7%) in non-instructional reductions
 - 28.5 staff positions
 - Reorganizations in Finance and Admin., University Advancement, Extended Learning
 - 5 administrative positions eliminated
 - (In addition to FY10 consolidation of Academic and Student Affairs)
- Identified 4 varsity sports for elimination

Budget Impact on Campus

- Larger class sizes
- Fewer major program tracks and courses offered
- Fewer sections of courses offered (less flexibility)
- Increased response time to student inquiries especially during heavy demand periods
- Heavy teaching, advising and/or counseling loads
- Delayed equipment purchases for instruction and classroom technology
- Campus morale